

WAS IT SUICIDE?

Sudden Death of an Essex Lady Under Mysterious Circumstances.

The people of Essex Junction are deeply agitated over the mysterious death of Miss Cynthia Hapgood, aged 17, which occurred Saturday morning. On Wednesday last she started for Albany for the purpose of accepting a position as copyist, secured for her by a lady friend. On Thursday her brother—her parents both being dead—received a telegram from her at Rutland stating that she was sick and asking if she should return home or complete her journey, to which an affirmative answer was sent. Miss Hapgood came to Burlington Thursday night and it is stated that she stopped at the Van Ness house over night, though the register does not show her name. The attendants, however, say that a young lady bearing her description stayed there that night, and that she was noticed to act strangely. At any rate Miss Hapgood reached Essex Junction Friday morning and started to walk home, about two miles distant. She was obliged to stop at a house near by, however, and her friends were sent for and she was taken home. She complained of severe pains in her stomach, but was unwilling that a physician should be summoned. She grew worse rapidly and a physician was sent for, but she died early Saturday morning, a short time before he arrived. A post mortem examination disclosed traces of poison, and it is probable that the unfortunate young lady took the fatal dose in a fit of despondency, although there are various rumors in regard to the case. It is a peculiar coincidence that a young lady named Cota left Essex Junction to her friends the same day, and was traced by her brothers to Albany where so far as heard from all trace of her was lost.

Particulars of the Suicide of Cynthia Hapgood—A Remarkable End.

From the numerous and conflicting rumors regarding the circumstances attending the death of Cynthia Hapgood the following details have been gleaned: The unfortunate young lady left the home of her stepfather, Wm. Folsom, about two miles from Essex Junction, Wednesday afternoon for the ostensible purpose of going to Albany to accept a position as copyist, and took the New York express that night, as every evidence indicates, in the company of a commercial traveller; at least they were in company from this point to Vergennes, where they stopped over night. The next day Miss Hapgood went to Rutland where she was met at the station by Ella Cota, who, it appears left her home in Essex the previous day without the knowledge of her parents, and went direct to Rutland in company with a drummer.

Shortly after arriving at Rutland Miss Hapgood began to act strangely and in a short time she asked Conductor Phillips for a telegram, which he told her that there was a story that the Cota girl was running away in her company, and asking what to do. Mrs. Folsom answered her message, telling her to come home and Cynthia took the train which arrived in this city at 10. When she reached Burlington she stopped off and went to the Van Ness house, where she took supper, registering as E. Smith of Orwell, Vt. In the evening she went to one of the drug stores and asked for two ounces of arsenic, stating that her father wanted it to poison rats. She was shown a package of "Rough on Rats" but said that would not do, and the large amount asked for disarming suspicion, she was allowed to have the amount of arsenic asked for. She then returned to the Van Ness house, retired, and nothing further was heard from her until the next morning at about 10.30, when she rang. The bell boy who answered her summons found that she could not get into the door. He procured a latch key and opened the door for her. It was then noticed that she was deathly pale, and she complained of not feeling well. She declined to eat breakfast and prepared to take the 11.15 train for Essex. While waiting in the reception room for the bus she was noticed to eat occasionally from some package concealed in her hand. She took the train, and reaching Essex, started to walk to the residence of Mr. Folsom, but was obliged to stop at a neighbor's and send for her friends. Her subsequent movements and death were substantially as published yesterday, except that her friends assert that she was not unwilling to have a physician summoned.

Upon the news of Miss Hapgood's death the room occupied by her the night previous was examined and about an ounce of arsenic was found in the stove. A letter was also found, which is in the hands of the State attorney, and which shows conclusively that the unfortunate girl expected to breathe her last at the hotel. The funeral service which was held at Jericho yesterday was attended by a large number of sympathizing friends.

BURIED IN THE SNOW.

A Missing Woman Found Dead in a Swamp at Essex.

Emily Blackman, a woman about sixty years of age, who had made it her home with different families in Williston, and who had not been seen since the fore part of last January, was found dead Saturday in a swamp about 40 rods back of Julius Shaw's house in Essex, by a large party who were searching for her. She was lying upon one side with her clothes intact and her head completely covered with her shawl. She had one of her rubbers in her hand and her knitting work in her pocket. No satchel, or bundle, with \$20 in money, which it was supposed she had with her, was found. The flesh from her head and face had been much eaten, probably by mice. The deceased was a respectable maiden lady, small of stature and badly deformed; and had been engaged in selling albums and books. She was last seen at J. H. Hanson's in Essex the 6th of January last, where she called at dusk and inquired the way to go across lots from there to a family living in the South rural leading from Essex Centre to Jericho. She started in the direction pointed out, and while some think she lost her way and was frozen to death, others point to the absence of her valise and money as conclusive evidence of foul play.

Her remains were taken to Jericho, where the funeral was held yesterday. It is understood that the deceased had several thousand dollars in the savings bank and that she has two brothers in New York city, who are in good circumstances.

An Entertaining, Reliable House

can always be relied upon, not only to carry in stock the best of everything, but to secure the Agency for such articles have well-known merit, and are popular with the people thereby sustaining the reputation of being always enterprising, and ever reliable. Having secured the Agency for the celebrated Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, will sell on a positive guarantee. It will surely cure any and every affection of Throat, Lungs, and Chest, and to show our confidence, we invite you to call and get a Trial bottle Free.

Your system is now more susceptible to the benefits of a reliable medicine than any other season. Take Hood's Sarsaparilla.

THE INVENTORIES.

The Duty of Town Clerks to Keep Them From Frying Eyes.

We are asked to call attention to the statute forbidding the inspection of tax inventories by unauthorized persons. A case is mentioned of a lawyer, in a neighboring town, who having a debt to collect, went to the town clerk's office, and was allowed to inspect the debtor's inventory and obtain information in regard to property on which he could levy. Similar cases of laxity on the part of town clerks in permitting lawyers and other individuals to inspect inventories are reported. The law is distinct on this point. It says:

Sec. 28. The town or city clerk shall allow the listers, selectmen, town grand jurors, or city attorneys of such town or city, and State attorneys of the county, to examine the inventory or inventories of any person which they may name, and shall also permit any taxpayer to examine his or her own inventory or inventories, and shall not allow any other person to inspect said inventories. The inventory or inventories shall not be disclosed by any person having access to the same except as set forth in this section and in the event of prosecution for breach of the provisions of this act.

The language and intent of the law are plain. The persons charged with the making of a list and with the enforcement of the tax law, have the right to inspect the inventories but must not disclose their contents unless called into court with regard to them. This is a wise provision. Many a man who is perfectly willing to be taxed on all his property, may have good reasons for not exhibiting his possessions and debts to the lawyers or to any one except those who are officially authorized to inspect them, and are held to secrecy regarding their contents. The section is calculated to help in securing full and honest lists. Every taxpayer therefore is interested in its enforcement, and any lister or clerk who disobeys the command of the law, by permitting the inventories to pass under the curious eyes of unauthorized persons, should be shown up and held to strict account.

RAILROAD MATTERS.

The New Movement of the Boston & Lowell Road.

[Springfield Republican.] A. B. Harris of this city has sold out his controlling interest in the St. Johnsbury & Lake Champlain railroad to parties representing the Boston & Lowell, and has resigned the presidency of that road. The Boston & Lowell, through the Boston, Concord & Montreal, is seeking for a new connection to Montreal by which to relieve itself of any obligation to the Central Vermont. By this acquisition it crosses the State of Vermont to Lake Champlain. The Central Vermont has been playing the "Pitchburg" against the Lowell as a Boston connection, and the latter is trying to play the same game at Montreal.

[St. Johnsbury Caledonian.] The talk of the week has been the change on the Lake road. Railroad men are close mouthed, and that leaves the general public to speculate. Those who think they know something about the matter make talk not particularly favorable to St. Johnsbury and its interests. They say that the Lowell railroad have got possession of the Lake road for the purpose of opening a competing line from Boston to Montreal, over the Boston & Lowell to Concord, thence to Plymouth, Warrenton, Marshfield, Hardwick, and Sheldon. This programme, if carried out, leaves St. Johnsbury out in the cold. The main offices, repair shops, etc., will be somewhere else. This event a good many people will either leave town or be thrown out of place, and the large sums of money invested in the road from Lunenburg to Swanton were spent in vain.

The other side represents the new strategic movement as a great value to Vermont, and St. Johnsbury in particular. It is said that the Boston & Lowell road is a wealthy and progressive corporation; that whatever they assume they make to succeed; and that this people are extremely fond of freight rates with the Central Vermont railroad but a sharp competition for freight and passengers between Montreal and Boston. It will be the interest of the Boston & Lowell road managers to fully meet the demands of local freight between Swanton and Lunenburg and forwarders between those points will not be neglected as formerly. The people of Swanton and vicinity have special reason for rejoicing over the strategic movement so cleverly executed.

The President's Vacation.

[Correspondence Boston Herald.] There is a misapprehension in the minds of a number of people about Mr. Cleveland's summer plans, said a friend of the President in Washington. The Chicago people think they are going to get him out West. The Southern people think he is going down to Atlanta in May. They have fallen into this error because the President has not absolutely said no. He has treated their delegations with great politeness. He has said he would see about it and that he would like to go. The Ironclad club of Chicago have been trying to get Mr. Cleveland out to their city ever since he was nominated. But I know that the President has not the slightest idea at present of accepting either one of these invitations. He has a perfect horror of trips that might be called junkets. I think you will find that he will remain the greater part of his term behind his desk at Washington. I have no hope of seeing him go away unless he should succumb to the Washington summer. I have not seen him under that kind of fire. You know how he stuck to his office in Albany. He never went away for a day or two, and then only to New York or Buffalo. You will find that he will be about the same here that he was there.

The Most Precious of Gifts.

Health is undeniably a more precious gift than riches, honor or power. Who would exchange it for these, the chief objects of human ambition? It is obviously the part of wisdom to employ means for the preservation of health, the prolongation of life while time and experience have proved to be reliable. Many of the dangers by which health is threatened may be nullified by the use of that most irresistible of correctives and tonics Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, which, by increasing vital power and rendering the physical system regular and active, keeps it in good working order and protects it against disease. For constipation, dyspepsia, nervous complaint, nervousness, kidney and rheumatic troubles, and neuritis, it is invaluable, and it affords a sure defence against malarial fevers, besides removing every trace of bile from the system, and giving the glassful taken before meals improves the appetite, and insures complete digestion and assimilation.

About Gen. Grant.

When Gen. Grant was thought to be dying, one day Mrs. Grant came to the bedside, and, having been told that he could not live five minutes longer, broke down. "Don't make me feel badly," he said. "I am going away now."

An apparently authentic statement is made, that the fund of \$250,000, raised a few years ago by Gen. Grant's friends, and invested for Mrs. Grant's benefit by Gov. Morgan, is not lost, as has been stated. A gentleman well acquainted with the affairs of ex-Gov. Grant, says: "The worst that can possibly happen to the Grant fund is that the General or his family should take something over \$15,000 a year for six years, and at the end of that time \$188,000 in cash or bonds. If the interest on the Washburn bonds should not be paid the Morgan estate will pay it and after a legal default, will pay the principal of the investment. I am only talking about the money invested under Governor Morgan's advice. There is a balance of some \$30,000 or \$40,000 which I can only refer you to the trustees. I am inclined to think that this sum has been lost."

The following resolutions were offered by William Preston Johnston, son of General Albert Sidney Johnston, at a reunion held April 7, at New Orleans, of Confederate veterans of the Louisiana division of the Army of Tennessee, and were unanimously adopted:

Resolved—That the Association of the Army of the Tennessee bear with deep regret of the pain and peril now endured by General U. S. Grant. Twenty-three years ago today our soldiers met him on the field of battle, and found him then, as ever, a soldier without fear and without selfishness, a man of peace and of the sorrow of his family, who tender him and them our heartfelt sympathy, and ask for them the comfort and peace which come from him who is not only Lord of hosts, but Father of us all.

What the Community Gains by the Liquor Business.

[Popular Science Monthly.]

Let us suppose an instance, such as occurs every day. John Jones has been, during the week, a capable and industrious workman, earning full wages every day. Saturday night he gets his pay and goes to the stores, where he falls in with boon companions and spends his week's wages at the grog shop, standing treat and drinking himself until his money is gone. Late at night he is put out into the street drunk, the liquor-seller having got his money. Result the first: The liquor-seller has received, say, \$12, of which at least three-fourths, or \$9, is profit. Result the second: Jones is arrested and put into the lock-up for the remainder of the night; in the morning he is brought before a magistrate and fined \$1 and costs, amounting to at least \$5, and usually more. Result the third: Jones is sent to jail for ten days. Result the fourth: Jones's family applies to the overseers of the poor for assistance, and they, being unable to refuse, are likely to expend \$5 or \$6. Total result: leaving out the moral deterioration of Jones and his family, \$9 profit to the liquor-seller, costs of prosecution paid by the county, Jones and his family supported at the expense of the town and county for ten days and Jones's productive labor for ten days lost and agony along with it. At the least calculation, in order that the liquor-seller may make his profit, the community has lost much more than an equal amount. In this instance I have supposed the liquor-buyer to spend a full week's wages, but the contrast is still greater. If we suppose, as is more frequently the case, that the buyer has only money sufficient to buy liquor enough to cause his intoxication; that he is arrested and committed to jail for non-payment of his debts, and that the costs of the trial, the costs to pay, and the liquor-seller's profit is only a very small percentage of the expense he has caused the community.

PERSONAL.

The New York papers note the death, on Easter morning, of Dr. William Swift, of Brooklyn, N. Y. Dr. Swift was the eldest son of the late Hon. Benjamin Swift of St. Albans, and had been for over thirty years a physician in Brooklyn, highly respected in his profession, and esteemed as a man.

The late Hiram S. Hart had an insurance of \$1000 on his life, in the National Life Insurance company of Montpelier, which was paid to his widow, the other day.

Lieut. Greely, U. S. A., writes a correspondent of the Chicago Tribune, "is a great sufferer. His face is that of one who has tasted death an yet lives; it is stamped with a look that seems the shadow of the six months of Arctic night, in which he died and agony along survived; and the 'social gazettes' of which he is the centre are the slender bulwarks raised by his physicians against brooding melancholy."

Hon. George A. Marden is confined to his home at Lowell, Mass., by a probable attack of one of the ligaments of the leg, occasioned, on Wednesday, in trying to get out the way of an approaching horse car.

Gov. S. E. Pingree will deliver the memorial address at Hartford. He will to the war as a lieutenant in Co. F. 3d Vt. and the company was largely from the vicinity of his home.

Hon. L. P. Poland has removed his home from St. Johnsbury to Waterville, Vt. He is to occupy the house in which he courted his wife, and which was built by Mrs. Poland's father, Dr. Page. The buildings are undergoing extensive repairs.

The Newport Express announces the death of Capt. C. W. Fogg, which occurred at his home near that village last Thursday. He was the long-time captain of the Memphrenagoc steamer and was quite a character.

Our former townsman, N. P. Bowman, of St. Johnsbury, was married at Chelsea, Mass., on the 7th inst., to Mrs. Rosalie D. Hall of East Burke, Vt.

IN MEMORY OF DR. LITTLE

Resolutions Passed by the Medical Class.

At a meeting of the students of the Medical class of the University, held April 6, the following resolutions were adopted:

Whereas, It has pleased Almighty God to remove from us our beloved professor, Dr. James H. Little, and whereas the present class of the Medical Department of the University of Vermont desire to express their feeling of sorrow and grief for the loss of a noble and sorrow for his untimely death; therefore, be it

Resolved, That we tender our heartfelt sympathy to his afflicted family.

Resolved, That in his loss the Medical fraternity have lost one of their most zealous workers, the student a valuable instructor and friend, and the world a noble Christian and benefactor.

Resolved, That a fitting emblem of mourning be placed in the lecture room of the College, to remain during the remainder of the session.

Resolved, That a copy of these resolutions be forwarded to the afflicted family, the Medical faculty of this College, the Medical Record of New York city and the local press of this city.

M. E. CAMBER, Committee E. M. KING, of the EMIL BOWLES, class.

An Experience of a 13 Years convincing Evidence.

St. Johnsbury, Vt., Dec. 27, 1884.

I have used Bradley's Phosphate on various crops and soils, for 13 years or more, always with good results. I have at several times tried other fertilizers, but have never found a fertilizer that gave as good results as Bradley's. It has been the best I have ever used, and my experience convinces me that none excels Bradley's, and none that I have ever used equals it. MOSES HUNTER.

FROM WASHINGTON TO VERMONT.

Appointments by the President for this State—Minister Phelps's Departure.

We are informed by B. B. Smalley, Esq., who returned from Washington yesterday, that the President has made the following additional postoffice appointments for Vermont: M. C. Huling at North Bennington, William M. Pike at Derby Line, and Henry L. Kenyon, whose nomination as postmaster at Northfield was sent to the Senate and not acted upon, has been reappointed by the President. Fred H. Woodard has been appointed railway postal clerk between St. Albans and Boston.

Mr. Smalley also stated that Minister Phelps expected to leave Washington Thursday for New Haven. Mr. Phelps had set April 22 as the date for his departure for England, but circumstances would make it impossible for him to leave before early in May.

The Value of Newspaper Advertising.

[From the Newport Express and Standard.]

Let us make a little calculation. A man has something to sell and he desires to notify about one thousand families, in convenient distance, of the fact. If he writes them all it would cost him \$30 for postage and \$3 for stationery, to say nothing of time and labor. If he gets a circular printed it will cost him about \$2, and \$10 for postage; this for once. Then if he has something to say every week, it would cost him to notify his one thousand patrons weekly, during the year, at least \$550. For a single week's advertising of one inch we should charge \$1, while in any other manner it would cost at least \$10 to reach the same number.

We have merely alluded to this matter to show that advertising through the newspapers is the cheapest method by far to reach the masses, and a very little calculation will show that the prices asked are not excessive. With everything else, prices of such work have lessened much from former years. We are not discussing the value of advertising nor soliciting it; it is for every business man to determine whether it is of any use to him. We have never teased nor begged any man, even in our own village, to patronize us in his direction and have now only to say that if anyone desires to use our columns we shall give fair rates to all. The average advertiser wants us to throw in lots of local notices free; this, as we have announced, is finished. During the nineteen years we have been connected with the newspaper we have no doubt given away \$5000 worth of advertising, an amount justly due us for labor performed. Many of our advertisers cheerfully pay for these local notices, but want them also in a certain place, and that in the Newport local column. This we have refused to do, for we do not believe in imposing upon our readers as some publishers do, by mixing advertisements with all reading promiscuously.

B. B. SMALLEY SARGANT.

Running a Party on Plum Cake and Air.

[New York Tribune.]

The home half of the Democratic party of Vermont, Colonel Bradley B. Smalley, arrived here Wednesday from Washington after a two-weeks' stay in that town. The Colonel is enthusiastic over the political astuteness of the State Department: "They say in Washington that there is no politics about Bayard. Then I ask them if he hasn't selected good men, and they reply that he has. I ask if he has not selected Democrats, and they say that he has. Then I crush them by saying, 'Well, who body do you want?' He hasn't sent anybody abroad that was worth a cent to the party at home." That settles the growlers every time.

When asked how the Vermont Democracy would get along with half its vote in England, the Colonel replied: "Well, I have got an arrangement with the State Department for dead-head cable dispatches, and if anything happens in which I need Mr. Phelps's vote, I can cable him."

The Colonel is not enthusiastic over the political character of appointments so far made by the Administration, and in commenting on them said: "You can't run a party on plum-cake and air. You have got to have men who can work. I haven't heard of any of the party workers getting an office yet."

"The Slough of Despondency"

In which you are wallowing, on account of some of those diseases peculiar to you, madame, and which have robbed you of the rosy hue of your cheeks, and the elasticity of your step. It is a most perfect specific for all the weaknesses and irregularities peculiar to your sex. It cures nervous displacements, "internal fever," bearing-down sensations, removes the tendency to cancerous affections, and corrects all unnatural discharges. By Druggists.

To Keep a White Dress from Looking Soiled Around the Waist.

There are two effectual ways of doing this. One is to come in before dark on account of Malaria, and the other is to brave the Malaria by taking Dr. Carter's Compound, and make John and his butcher friend around his coat sleeve. The latter way is the most popular.

1000 Bushels Corn Saved from Frost.

SHARON, Vt., Nov. 7, 1883. I have used Bowker's Hill & Drift Phosphate on my corn the past season and have harvested one thousand bushels of ears of splendid corn, the larger part of it being cut and stacked before the frost. I attribute its growth forward to the use of your Fertilizer.

Yours truly, J. H. MARSH, C. W. W.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER

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That Tired Feeling

When the weather grows warmer, that extreme tired feeling, want of appetite, dullness, languor, and lassitude, afflict almost the entire human family, and scrofula and other diseases caused by humors, manifest themselves with many. It is impossible to throw off this debility and expel humors from the blood without the aid of a reliable medicine like Hood's Sarsaparilla.

"I could not sleep, and would get up in the morning with hardly life enough to get out of bed. I had no appetite, and my face would break out with pimples. I bought

a bottle of Hood's Sarsaparilla, and soon

began to sleep soundly; could get up without that tired and languid feeling, and my

appetite improved." R. A. SASSERON, Kent, O.

"I had been much troubled by general debility. Last spring Hood's Sarsaparilla proved just the thing needed. I derived an immense amount of benefit. I never felt better." H. F. MILLER, Boston, Mass.

"Hood's Sarsaparilla did me a great deal of good. I had no particular disease, but was tired out from overwork, and it toned me up." Mrs. G. E. SIMMONS, Cohoes, N. Y.

"For seven years, spring and fall, I had scrofulous sores come out on my legs, and for two years was not free from them at all. I suffered very much. Last May I began taking Hood's Sarsaparilla, and before I had taken two bottles, the sores healed and the humor left me." C. A. ARNOLD, Arnold, Me.

"There is no blood purifier equal to Hood's Sarsaparilla." E. S. PHILIPS, Rochester, N. Y.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Sold by all druggists. \$1; six for \$5. Made only by C. I. HOOD & CO., Lowell, Mass.

100 Doses One Dollar

THE STEWART MEMORIAL.

The Finest Church Edifice in the Country.

The finest ecclesiastical mausoleum ever erected to the memory of a single individual, and the most elaborately decorated cathedral in America, was opened and consecrated on Thursday, at Garden City, L. I. It is the monument raised to the memory of the late Alexander T. Stewart by his widow, Cornelia M. Stewart. The structure is of brown sandstone. The woodwork and marble finishing inside are elaborately carved by hand and an entire scriptural story is told in the bas-relief figures on the organ. Its extreme length is 270 feet, its transept 75 feet and the height from the foundation of the nave 70 and to the illuminated cross 307 feet.

Built in an angle in full view of the entire congregation is the largest organ in the country. It was built by H. L. Roosevelt, of New York, and has 7,352 pipes and 115 stops. The natural action of the organ is restored. The organ is built in 15 feet in diameter, extending from the basement floor upward to a distance of 40 feet. A remarkable feature is its construction, so as to distribute the sounds in four different parts of the cathedral at one time, and under control of the one organist. Steam power is used in inflating the bellows. The greatest novelty is the electric chime action, by means of which the chimes, consisting of thirteen bells located in the organ tower, are played from the solo manual with perfect ease and convenience. The bells are rung with the same force and precision as though they were struck in the usual manner. They can all be rung in connection with the music that is rendered on the organ. The organ cases, the Bishop's and Dean's thrones, the clergy stalls and the choir stalls were made in Philadelphia and are magnificent specimens of carving. The decorated English gothic, profusely enriched.

In the basement of the church is the marble mausoleum, severely simple in its construction, but made of such valuable material that the construction of this singular crypt entailed an expenditure of \$150,000. Here the body of the late Mr. Stewart is said to lie in spite of the report that the remains were never recovered.

The stained glass windows, more than seventy in number, are the work of foreign artists and were all made after original designs in London. The name of the church, "The Cathedral of the Incarnation," is taken as the theme, and the windows are made to tell the story. The prevailing tone of the glass is light, showing to good advantage the chiseled marble, the richly carved foreign woods and the hammered brass work. In the porch at the east end the glass introduces the visitors first to the progenitors of Christ in type, and proper, while the subjects in the nave, fourteen in number, carry forward the life of Christ.

Probate Court.

The following business was transacted in the Probate Court for the district of Chittenden, from March 17 to April 7: Calvin Buttolph's estate, settlement of administrator's account; Palmer Irish's estate, settlement of administrator's account. Hearing two days and assignment to widow; Albert Shore's estate, settlement of guardian's account; Ellen Maloy, adoption of and change of name to Alice Jackson; Myron Morse's estate, license to sell real estate; Harrington Kelly's estate, license to sell real estate; Mary M. Fletcher's estate, proof of will, letters testamentary and appointment of appraisers and commissioners; Louisa E. Fish's estate, appointment of administrators and appraisers; David Fay's estate, appointment of administrators, commissioners and appraisers; Margaret Lessor's estate, settlement of administrators account and decree; Stafford Stone's estate, settlement of executor's account; Alson H. Post's estate, license to sell real estate; Mary J. Field's estate, appointment of administrator and appraisers; Joel Fish's estate, appointment of administrators and appraisers; Lotisa Alexander's estate, appointment of administrators, commissioners and appraisers; Mary Shaw's estate, settlement of guardian's account; Albert G. Allen's estate, settlement of guardian's account; Mary A. Smith's estate, appeal from commissioners; John Tatro's estate, appeal from allowance of will.

A Fine Likeness of Grant.

We have received from J. H. Burdoff's Sons, New York, a fine large lithographic picture of Gen. Grant, from a photograph by Hognus. It is an admirable likeness of the best we have ever seen of the illustrious soldier, and we have given it a place of honor in our editorial rooms.

An Answer Wanted.

Can any one bring us a case of Kidney or Liver complaint that Electric Bitters will not speedily cure? We say they can not, as thousands of cases already permanently cured and who are daily recommending Electric Bitters, will prove. Bright's Disease, Diabetes, Weak Back, or any urinary complaint quickly cured. They purify the blood, regulate the bowels, and act directly on the diseased parts. Every bottle guaranteed.

The Simple and Perfect Dyes. Nothing so simple and perfect in coloring as Diamond Dyes. Far better and cheaper than any other dye. See Druggists sell them. Sample card for 2c stamp. Wells, Richardson & Co., Burlington, Vt.

Dr. Seth Arnold's Soothing and Quieting Cordial for children. Recommended by mothers and nurses. 25c.

DOCTORS!

Of all the different schools in the country, have thousands die every year of Bright's disease of the Kidneys, who could be saved by the use of our cathartic Bitters. They are unequalled in the world for all diseases of the kidneys.—New Haven Union.

Apr. 13th 18